Further increased depot dose administered

Diazepam reduced to 4mg

Figure Pt2’s DASA Review

Summary of findings:

In the nine week period that Pt2 was admitted to IPCU, it was identified that he had utilised 168 administrations of as required medications over 53 occasions. Of these administrations, 37.7% was nurse led administrations and 62.3% were self requested by the patient. Commonly, we would expect that as the antipsychotic medications reaches theraputic level that the requirement of as required medication would reduce significantly. However, it became apparent that Pt2 was regularly drug seeking and had also been under the influence of cannabis when utilising his accompanied time out of the ward, this was clarified by drug testing and later admitted by Pt2. Pt2 spent 57% of his admission within the low risk category, 29% of his admission within medium risk category and 13% of his admission within the high risk category. The high risk category was as expected within the first week of his admission to IPCU, however also entered this category again later when utilising cannabis and absconding from his agreed time out of the ward. PMVA was only required to be utilised on two occasions, firstly on admission to IPCU after being transfered from an open ward due to aggressive and absconding behaviour. The second of which was for the previously stated absconding and cannabis use.

In reviewing this information it appears as though DASA has been an effective predictive tool, highlighting the decreasing occurrence of aggression excluding the two events of drug misuse midway through his admission. At the point of transfer from IPCU to a less restrictive environment Pt2’s DASA scores were continuously within the low risk category and highlights his IPCU journey to recovery.